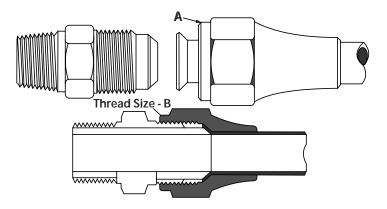
# 45° Flare



Tube O.D.	1/8	3/16	1/4	5/16	3/8	7/16	1/2	5/8	3/4
Thread Size-B	5/16-24	3/8-24	7/16-20	1/2-20	5/8-18	11/16-16	3/4-16	7/8-14	1-1/16-14

## Typical Application

LP and natural gas, flammable liquids, instrumentation, refrigeration, power steering, hydraulic and pneumatic systems.

## Working Pressure Ranges

Temperature and type of tubing used are important factors. However, the following table is a good guide for proper selection. Temperature 73°F with copper tubing:

PSI	Tube O.D. (in.)	Tube Wall (in.)
2800	1/8	.030
1900	3/16	.030
1400	1/4	.030
1200	5/16	.032
1000	3/8	.032
750	1/2	.032
650	5/8	.035
550	3/4	.035
450	7/8	.035

## Vibration

Good resistance - use long nut when greater vibration resistance is required.

## Temperature Range

-65°F to +250°F (-53°C to +121°C) range at maximum operating pressures.

## •Material

CA360 Brass for Barstock fittings.

CA377 Brass for forged fittings.

#### Used With

Copper, brass, aluminum and steel hydraulic tubing that can be flared

### Tolerance

+/- .03 on all dimensions. Dimension data can change without notice. Please call us when dimensions are critical

## •Conformance

Meets specifications and standards of ASA, ASME, SAE and MS (Military standards).

## **Assembly Instructions**

- 1- Cut tubing to desired length. Make sure all burrs are removed and ends are cut square.
- 2- Slide nut on tube. Threaded end "A" of nut must
- **3-** Flare end of tube with a 45<sup>o</sup> flaring tool.
  - a-Measure flare diameter
  - **b-** Examine flare for excessive thin out.
- 4- Lubricate threads and assemble to fitting body. Nut should be turned hand tight.
- 5- Tighten assembly with wrench until a solid feeling is encountered. From that point, apply a one-sixth

**Note:** Do not over-torque as it may damage the fitting or split the tubing at the flare.

## Actual O.D. of Flare Fittings





















